Ch 24 The Nature of Electromagnetic Waves 1st 1/2 Today

Ch 24 2nd 1/2 Wednes day **HW21**

- o Introduction / Transition
 - \circ Old
 - **New Fundamental Interactions.**
 - **New Concept: Fields.**
 - Circuitry.
 - o New: E & M Waves
 - Transition: Backing out of Circuitry & Launching into E&M Waves
- Antenna
 - o **Dipole Antenna**
 - Electric Field through space, through time
 - **Transverse Wave**
 - **Magnetic Field**
 - Transverse Wave
 - o Rabbit Ears (dipole) Vs. Loop Antennas
- 24.2 The Electromagnetic Spectrum
 - **Electric Field Wave**
 - **Magnetic Field Wave**
 - Frequency
 - **Charge oscillation frequency = field oscillation frequency**
 - Spectrum of Frequencies possible
 - Light
 - Human perception & Beyond
 - **Light Sources**
- 24.3 The Speed of Light
 - A historic connection
 - Speed of Light in Astronomy. (A long time ago, in a galaxy far, far away...)
 - Light Years
 - o Example 1: How long does it take for light to travel from the sun to the Earth?
- 24.4 The Energy Carried by electromagnetic waves
 - Intensity = S:
 - o Electric Field
 - o Magnetic Field
 - o Total
 - The (rms) average intensity of sunlight at the top of the Earth's • Example 2 atmosphere is 1390 W/m². What is the (rms) average strength of the associated electric field? If the Earth is, on average, 1.50×10¹¹m from the sun, what is the average intensity of sunlight at the surface of the sun, 6.96×10^8 m from the center?

HW 21

- 8. TV channel 3 (VHF) broadcasts at a frequency of 63.0 MHz. TV channel 23 (UHF) broadcasts at a frequency of 527 MHz. Find the ratio (VHF/UHF) of the wavelengths for these channels.
- 16. A communication satellite is in a synchronous orbit that is 3.6×10^7 m directly above the equator. The satellite is located midway between Quito, Ecuador, and Belem, Brazil, two cities almost on the equator that are separated by a distance of 3.5×10^6 m. Find the time it takes for a telephone call to go by way of satellite between these cities. Ignore the curvature of the Earth.
- 26. The intensity of sunlight at the top of the Earth's atmosphere is about 1390 W/m². The distance between the Sun and the Earth is 1.50×10^{11} m, while that between the Sun and Mars is 2.28×10^{11} m. What is the intensity of sunlight at the surface of Mars?